

# Third conditional

## Introduction



If I'd **taken** an earlier train, I **wouldn't have been** late for my meeting.

## Definition

The third conditional refers to hypothetical events in the past. The condition is impossible to fulfil or the speaker does not know if it was fulfilled.


## Construction

If + past perfect (simple or continuous) + past perfect modal + past participle

The 'if' clause and the main clause can be either positive or negative.

As with all conditionals, either clause can come first. When the 'if' clause is first, it is followed by a comma.

## Uses and examples

Use	Examples
<p data-bbox="129 1794 236 1830"><b>Blame</b></p> 	<p data-bbox="432 1794 970 1861">I <b>wouldn't have crashed</b> the car if it <b>hadn't been snowing</b>.</p>

**Criticism and praise**



If the team **hadn't worked** so well together, we **wouldn't have met** the deadline.

**Regret**



This is so boring and I'm not even half way through it. If I'd **studied** harder at college, I'd **have had** a more interesting job.

**Thanks**



If you **hadn't told** me about the sales, I'd **never have** found all these great bargains.

**Deduction and reasoning**



If he'd **gone** on holiday, he'd **have taken** his suitcase. But his suitcase is there on top of the wardrobe so he can't have gone, can he?

## Alternatives to 'if'

Using **inversion**, the conditional clause may begin with 'had' or 'were' rather than 'if'. For example:

If clause	Were/Had Clause
If I hadn't seen George...	Had I not seen George...
If she'd studied harder...	Had she studied harder...
If they'd known about it...	Had they known about it...
If they were here...	Were they here...
If it were possible, I'd...	Were it possible, I'd...
If we were asked to participate...	Were we asked to participate...

**Note that** although 'had' clauses are fairly common in conversation, 'were' clauses are less so.

## Choice of modal verb

As well as 'would', other modals are possible.

'Might' in the main clause expresses a possibility.

If you **hadn't warned** me, I **might have made** a terrible mistake,

'Could' refers to ability.

If our supplier **had delivered** on time, we **could have met** our deadline.

'Should' refers to probability or the right thing.

If he'd **had** all the information, he **should have written** the report.

We don't know if he had the information or not or if the report has been written. Writing the report would have been the right thing for him to do given all the information.

## Unknown events

We don't always know if something happened or not:

John was late for the meeting but we didn't know what time he'd left home. If he'd **left** home on time, he **should have arrived** by the start of the meeting.

Last week I went on a data analysis course and a lot of people found the mathematical explanations difficult to follow. If you **hadn't had** a mathematical background you'd **have found** the explanations really difficult to follow.

**Would** John **have gone** to the party if he'd **thought** that Judy would be there?

The above sentence does not give us enough information to know who was at the party. There are several possibilities:

John went to the party and Judy didn't.

John didn't go to the party and neither did Judy.

John didn't go to the party and Judy did.

John didn't know whether Judy would be there or not.

We don't know if John would have preferred Judy to be there or not.

Compare with these where it's clear what did and didn't happen:

**Had I not gone** to Paris, I **wouldn't have met** the woman I later married.

Do you think that you **would have had** the accident if you **hadn't been** in such a hurry?



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