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# Third conditional

# Third conditional

## Introduction



meeting.

If I had taken an earlier train, I would not have been late for my

## **Definition**

The third conditional refers to hypothetical events in the past. The condition is impossible to fulfil or the speaker does not know if it was fulfilled.

# Construction

If + past perfect (simple or continuous) + past perfect modal + past participle

The 'if' clause and the main clause can be either positive or negative.

As with all conditionals, either clause can come first. When the 'if' clause is first, it is followed by a comma.

# **Uses and examples**

Use

**Examples** 

#### **Blame**



I wouldn't have crashed the car if it hadn't been snowing.

**Criticism and** praise



If the team hadn't worked so well together, we wouldn't have met the deadline.

#### Regret



This is so boring and I'm not even half way through it. If I'd studied harder at college, I'd have had a more interesting job.

#### **Thanks**



If you hadn't told me about the sales, I'd never have found all these great bargains.

### **Deduction and** reasoning



If he'd gone on holiday, he'd have taken his suitcase. But his suitcase is there on top of the wardrobe so he can't have gone, can he?

# Alternatives to 'if'

Using inversion, the conditional clause may begin with 'had' or 'were' rather than 'if'. For example:

If clause

Were/Had Clause

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If I hadn't seen George...
If she'd studied harder...
If they'd known about it...
Had I not seen George...
Had she studied harder...
Had they known about it...

If they were here... Were they here...
If it were possible, I'd... Were it possible, I'd...

If we were asked to participate... Were we asked to participate...

Note that although 'had' clauses are fairly common in conversation, 'were' clauses are less so.

## Choice of modal verb

As well as 'would', other modals are possible.

'Might' in the main clause expresses a possibility.

If you hadn't warned me, I might have made a terrible mistake,

'Could' refers to ability.

If our supplier had delivered on time, we could have met our deadline.

'Should' refers to probability or the right thing.

If he'd had all the information, he should have written the report.

We don't know if he had the information or not or if the report has been written. Writing the report would have been the right thing for him to do given all the information.

### **Unknown events**

We don't always know if something happened or not:

John was late for the meeting but we didn't know what time he'd left home. If he'd left home on time, he should have arrived by the start of the meeting.

Last week I went on a data analysis course and a lot of people found the mathematical explanations difficult to follow. If you hadn't had a mathematical background you'd have found the explanations really difficult to follow.

Would John have gone to the party if he'd thought that Judy would be there?

The above sentence does not give us enough information to know who was at the party.

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#### There are several possibilities:

John went to the party and Judy didn't.
John didn't go to the party and neither did Judy.
John didn't go to the party and Judy did.
John didn't know whether Judy would be there or not.
We don't know if John would have preferred Judy to be there or not.

#### Compare with these where it's clear what did and didn't happen:

Had I not gone to Paris, I wouldn't have met the woman I later married.

Do you think that you would have had the accident if you hadn't been in such a hurry?



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