

# Zero conditional

## Introduction



If you **heat** water in a kettle, it **boils**.

## Definition

The zero conditional refers to real events. The result of the condition is always the same.

## Construction

Construction	Time reference	Example
'if' + present, + present	any time condition + any time result	If the sun <b>shines</b> , people <b>are</b> happier.

As with all conditionals, the 'if' clause can come first or second. When it comes first, it is followed by a comma.

## Uses

Zero conditional sentences are used to talk about general truths and facts, not about individual, specific situations.

Use	Examples
Scientific facts	If you <b>add</b> salt to water, it <b>boils</b> more quickly.
Universal truths	People <b>put</b> on weight if they <b>eat</b> too much.

**Things that happen regularly**    **If I leave home at 8.00, I arrive at work at 9.00.**

**Note that** because the result is always the same, we can use 'when' as an alternative to 'if'. We also sometimes use 'whenever', especially for things that happen regularly:

If/when people **don't drink**, they **get** thirsty.  
If/when/whenever he's late for work, his boss **gets** angry.

### Present continuous

We can also use the present continuous:

If it's **raining**, people **carry** umbrellas.  
If people **are carrying** umbrellas, it's probably **raining**.

### Imperative

Whenever you're tired, **take** a break.

When I'm **working**, **don't disturb** me.

If you **go** to Paris, **visit** the Louvre.

### Modals

Some modal verbs might be used in the main clause.

If you **go** to another country, you **should try** to speak the language.  
You **can get** a refund if the plane **is** delayed.

## Zero or first conditional?

The first conditional is used for real, likely events. Compare these two sentences:

If I **leave** home at 8.00, I **arrive** at 9.00. [this refers to every time I leave at 8.00]  
If I leave home at 8.00, I'll arrive at 9.00. [this refers to a specific occasion in the future]

## Examples



The alarm **goes off** whenever there's a fire.



Only children **go** in the garden if it's raining.



When you **work** with people from other countries, you **might have to do** things differently.



If she's **eating** then she's **getting** better. .



If you **visit** London, **don't miss** the Beefeaters at the Tower of London.

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