

Modal auxiliary verbs + 'have'

Introduction



We **should have** turned left, not right - now we're lost.

Definition

This is a structure which is used with **modal auxiliary verbs** and with verbs which have a similar function to talk about the past, present or future. For more information on these, see **Introduction to modal verbs** and the following:

Can	Could	Should	Ought to	Might and may	Will
Shall	Would	Must	Have to	To need / need	

Construction

Affirmative: subject + modal + 'have' + **past participle**
I **should have** gone.

Negative: subject + modal + 'not' + 'have' + **past participle**
I **shouldn't have** gone.

Interrogative: modal + subject + 'have' + **past participle**
Should I **have** gone?

Note that this construction is not possible for all the verbs listed above or all the uses below. In particular:

1. In the affirmative, **can have** and **need have** are only used with restricting words - see below.

2. **may not have** is not contracted.
3. **may have** is not used in the interrogative.
4. **must have** is only used in the affirmative.
5. **ought to have, have to have** and **to need to have** are constructed as follows:

	Ought to have	Have to have	To need to have
Affirmative	subject + 'ought to' + 'have' + past participle	subject + 'have to' + 'have' + past participle	subject + 'need to' + 'have' + past participle
	I ought to have done it.	He has to have done it.	He needs to have done it.
Negative	subject + 'ought not to' + 'have' + past participle		subject + 'do not' + 'need to' + 'have' + past participle
	I oughtn't to have done it.		He doesn't need to have done it.
Interrogative	'ought' + subject + 'to have' + past participle		'do' + subject 'need to' + 'have' + past participle
	Ought I to have done it?		Does he need to have done it?

Uses

This structure can be used in some of the same ways as standard **modal auxiliary verbs** in past, present and future contexts.

The main uses are listed below.

Modal	Use	Examples
Can have	Possibility [interrogative only]	How can you have forgotten again? I reminded you this morning!
	Deduction [rare in the affirmative form - only with words such as 'only', 'hardly' and 'never'.]	I can only have been at the meeting for an hour but it felt like three - it was so boring. You can't have been cold - it was 30° and you were wearing a coat. It can't have been easy with four young children and a full-time job - how did you manage?

Could have	Possibility in the past, present or future	<p>"Where was Lionel this morning - I couldn't find him?" "I'm not sure. He could have been in a meeting room."</p> <p>I could have gone to the US to work but I took a job in London instead.</p> <p>Thanks for your help last week - I couldn't have done it without you.</p> <p>He could have been a doctor now but he left university to travel round the world.</p> <p>I couldn't have worked today (if you'd asked me); I have an important appointment.</p> <p>"What shall we do tomorrow?" "Well, we could have gone cycling with everyone else - the weather forecast is great. But I still haven't fixed my bike so let's go for a walk instead." [It would have been possible if I'd fixed my bike.]</p>
	The possibility of things that didn't happen	<p>You could have started a fire when you left that cigarette there - you really should be more careful.</p>
	Speculation about the past	<p>"Why isn't Antoinette here yet?" "I don't know but she could have decided to go to lunch with the client she was visiting this morning."</p>
	Unrealistic situations	<p>We had a great time in Italy; I could have stayed there forever.</p>
	With 'I wish'	<p>I couldn't have worked for your last boss - he was far too demanding.</p>
	As 'would be able to' in conditional sentences	<p>I wish we could have had a meeting last week; the problem is just getting worse.</p> <p>If you'd asked me, I could have helped you.</p>
	Reproach	<p>You could have reminded me about the meeting! I was 10 minutes late.</p>

Should have	Advice in retrospect	You <i>should have</i> gone by train. You <i>shouldn't have</i> married him.
	The best or right thing to have done in the past - maybe some regret	We <i>should have</i> discussed this with the client before making a decision. <i>Should I have</i> ordered some more of these? I <i>shouldn't have</i> shouted at you earlier - I'm really sorry.
	Expectation	She worked hard and she <i>should have</i> passed her exam - I don't know why she didn't. It <i>should have</i> been delivered yesterday - I'm not happy with their service.
	Deduction	He <i>should have</i> finished lunch by now - I'll try calling him again. Don't worry. It's not too late to change the order - they <i>shouldn't have</i> dispatched it yet.
	Regret in the present	I <i>should have been</i> at home now but I'm still stuck at work. "Do you think the food here will be OK?" "Mmm, I <i>should have</i> thought so. Let's try it."
	Opinion - more tentative than 'think'	I <i>shouldn't have</i> thought it would rain today.
Ought to have [rare in negative and interrogative]	Advice in retrospect [less common than <i>should have</i>]	You <i>ought to have</i> gone by train.
	The best or right thing to do	He <i>ought to have</i> worn a helmet.
	Expectation	They <i>ought to have</i> arrived by now.

<p>Might/may have</p>	<p>Possibility in the past [may have is not possible in the interrogative]</p> <p>Reproach</p> <p>To highlight a contrast between positive and negative</p>	<p>The report may have been on the printer - I forgot to look there.</p> <p>Susan wasn't in her office but she might have been in the canteen.</p> <p>You might have helped me but you just stood there watching!</p> <p>She might/may not have been punctual but she was very efficient. [=Although she wasn't punctual, she was very efficient.]</p> <p>She might/may have been punctual but she wasn't very efficient.</p>
<p>Will have</p>	<p>Deduction</p> <p>Future actions and states</p>	<p>"Who was Chantal talking to on the phone?" "It'll have been her boyfriend. He calls her every afternoon."</p> <p>She'll have finished by now.</p> <p>See future perfect.</p>
<p>Shall have</p>	<p>Future actions and states</p>	<p>See future perfect.</p>
<p>Would have</p>	<p>Opinion</p> <p>Conditionals</p> <p>Wishing</p> <p>Hypothetical situations</p> <p>Deduction in the past, especially when based on historical evidence</p>	<p>I wouldn't have thought you'd like Japanese food - that surprises me.</p> <p>I'd have helped you if you'd asked.</p> <p>I wouldn't have been as successful now if I hadn't worked so hard.</p> <p>I'd have loved to live in the countryside when I was young but I grew up in the city.</p> <p>The traffic was terrible this morning - it would have been quicker to walk.</p> <p>In the last century, more people would have lived in this region than now.</p>

Must have	Deduction	"Who was Chantal talking to on the phone?" "It must have been her boyfriend. He calls her every afternoon."
Have to have	Necessity [see future perfect and note below] Deduction	We have to have finished this by tomorrow. "Who was Chantal talking to on the phone?" "It has to have been her boyfriend. He calls her every afternoon."
To need	Necessity [see future perfect and note below]	I need to have finished this by tomorrow. To reach our targets, we don't need to have sold as many cars by the end of this month as last month. Do we need to have sent the invitations by Thursday or Friday?
Need	Necessity [rare in the affirmative - only with words such as 'only', 'hardly' and 'never'.]	I need only have stayed for an extra ten minutes but I decided not to. They needn't have spent so much money - what a waste! Need we have booked the biggest meeting room? We're only expecting three people.

'Could have' or 'may/might have'

These are both used to talk about possibility but in different ways.

They **could have** played golf yesterday.

= all the right conditions existed but they didn't play.

They **might/might not have** played golf yesterday.

= we don't know if they played or not.

They **couldn't have** played golf yesterday.

= something prevented them and they didn't play.

Present continuous

Some of these can be followed by the present continuous for some uses. For example:

1. Possibility

He **could have** been having lunch.

He **couldn't have** been having lunch.

I **could have** been relaxing at home now but I'm still at work.

He **might/may have** been having lunch.

2. Deduction

He **can't have** been having lunch - the canteen was closed.

He **should have** been having lunch.

He **must have** been having lunch.

He'll **have** been having lunch.

He **has to** have been having lunch.

3. Reproach

You **could have** been helping me instead of watching TV.

4. Regret

I **should have** been relaxing at home now but I'm still at work.

5. Advice

You **should have** been learning Japanese, not English.

You **ought to have** been learning Japanese, not English.

6. The best or right thing

We **should have** been spending less money on new computers.

We **ought to have** been spending less money on new computers.

7. Expectation

They **should have** been working on the installation yesterday.

They **ought to have** been working on the installation yesterday.

8. Deduction

"I called Kerry but she didn't answer."

"She'd **have** been having lunch, I expect."

'To need' and 'need'

Note the following different meanings:

I **needn't have** bought so much cheese. [I bought some but when I got home, I discovered I already had a lot in the fridge - I didn't know it was there.]

I went shopping but I **didn't need** to buy chocolate because I already had some. [I didn't buy any because I knew I had some.]

The future perfect

Note that this structure has the same construction as the **future perfect simple**.

We'll **have** finished this by Friday.

As well as 'will' and 'shall', we can use some modal verbs for this tense.

We **might** have finished this by Friday. [possibility]

We **should** have finished this by Friday. [expectation]

We **ought to** have finished this by Friday. [expectation]

We **need to** have finished this by Friday. [necessity]

We **have to** have finished this by Friday. [necessity/obligation]

Examples



He **can never have** had dance lessons!



"I've postponed next week's meeting because I haven't had time to prepare for it." "Well, we **couldn't have** had it next week anyway because too many of us will be on holiday." "Oh yes, I forgot about that."



My train **ought to have** been here by now but there was a delay, so I'll be late - sorry. I **should have** driven instead.



I miss working at the bank. It **might not have** been the most exciting job but I had great colleagues.



I'm sorry Akira isn't here yet - he'll **have** been held up in the rush hour traffic.



"It's not bad but I'd **have** done this part differently." "OK, I'll change it."



It **must have** been raining.



"What do you think? Remember we **have to have** decided this before we meet them again."



He **needn't have** worried - of course she said yes.

Some common expressions

Expression	Meaning	Example
'may well have' + past participle	Someone probably did something but doesn't remember.	"You said you wouldn't be here tonight." "I may well have said that but here I am anyway!"
'could have' + 'sworn'	To have been sure about something.	I can't find my keys. I could've sworn I left them on my desk but they're not there.
'You should have' + past participle	'I wish you had...' There's a suggestion that someone has missed something good.	You should have seen her reaction when I told her the news!
'Who'd have thought it?'	Expresses great surprise.	"Tom asked Liz to marry him." "I know - who'd have thought it!"
'It could have been worse.'	'We shouldn't worry - it wasn't too bad.'	"There was a train strike last week and half the team couldn't get to work." "Oh well, it could have been worse - this isn't our busiest month."
'might have known'	Expresses a lack of surprise.	"Who ate the last cake?" "It was Lucie." "Ah...I might have known it!"



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