

Shall

Introduction



Shall we dance?

Definition and construction

Shall is a modal auxiliary verb which has different uses. It is usually only used with 'I' and 'we' in the interrogative form.

Shall + 'I'/‘we’ + bare infinitive -> Shall I help?



Like other modal auxiliaries, shall has no infinitive and 'do' is not used to form negative or interrogative sentences. In the uses in this table, it is only used with 'I' and 'we'.

Uses and examples

Use	Examples
To make or ask for suggestions	Shall we have a break now? Where shall we go tonight?
To ask for advice	Shall we park here or over there? Shall I return his call?
To make offers	Shall I help you with that? Shall we take you to the airport?
In question tags for suggestions with 'Let's' and with 'will' for spontaneous decisions	Let's go out for dinner, shall we? I'll do that tomorrow, shall I?
In legal documents	See below for more information and examples.

Shall can also be followed by the present continuous when making suggestions. For example: Shall I be preparing the vegetables while you're making the dessert?

Unlike using shall as an alternative to 'will' when talking about the future, shall as a modal is very common in conversation:

- What shall we have for dinner tonight?

- **Shall** I apply for the job I told you about? What do you think?
- **Shall** I do that for you?

	
Well, we need a break. Shall I be clearing up while you're making tea?	Let's get together again on Friday, shall we?
	
I'll prepare the corn, shall I?	Shall I explain that again or do you understand now?
	
Where shall we go next?	Which one shall I buy?

Legal terms



The supplier **shall** dispatch all orders within three days of payment.

In some legal documents, contracts, laws and formal rules, **shall** is also used with 'he', 'she', 'it' and 'they'.

Affirmative: He/she/it/they **shall**

Negative: He/she/it/they **shall not**



1. These documents are written in formal English so contractions are not used.
2. There is no necessity for an interrogative form in these documents.

Use	Examples
To express obligations	The employer shall pay compensation in the event of a successful claim. These rules shall apply to all participants. The terms of this lease shall be from 2016 until 2022.
To express negative obligations	The company shall not be liable for any loss or damage. The amount paid shall not exceed the insured sum set.
To express prohibition	Members of the forum shall not purchase nor sell any music that is known to be stolen from its legal owner. No candidate shall be allowed to enter the room more than thirty minutes after the start of the exam.
To state requirements	A score of 60% shall be deemed a pass. The Contractor's sub-contractors shall not be considered as being employees or agents.

Note that in both the UK and USA, there is some disagreement about this use of **shall**. For example:

1. Some people believe it should be avoided and that 'will' should always be used. Others use 'will' in order to express a client's obligations and **shall** for the other party's obligations with no difference in meaning.
2. Others believe that **shall** can also be used to mean 'may' or 'can', as in the United States Constitution, or to state a fact: No Person **shall** be a Representative who shall not have attained to the Age of twenty five Years, and been seven Years a Citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

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