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The past simple

Introduction



We booked the room online yesterday.

Construction

Regular verbs in the past simple end with 'ed'. For most verbs, we simply add 'ed' after the bare infinitive.

Affirmative: Subject + bare infinitive + ed

I worked yesterday.

Negative: subject + 'did' + 'not' + bare infinitive

I didn't work yesterday.

Interrogative: Did + subject + bare infinitive

Did you work yesterday?

Irregular verbs

There are many irregular verbs, including some of the most common verbs in the English language. Some of the most useful are:

Do	Be	Go	Have
I did	l was	I went	I had
You did	You were	You went	You had
He did	He was	He went	He had
She did	She was	She went	She had
It did	It was	It went	It had
We did	We were	We went	We had
They did	They were	They went	They had

Uses

The most common uses are:	Examples			
For completed actions in the past	He worked yesterday.			
	Did you go to work yesterday? No, I had the day off.			
	I went to school when I was young.			
	We travelled around Italy in June.			
For a past state	My grandparents loved each other very much.			
	She knew him before he joined the company.			
	Was John a teacher before he became a consultant?			
	It wasn't noisy here before the new road was built.			
For past habits	I cycled to school every day.			
	They closed the factory for two weeks each summer.			
	We didn't go to the sea for our holidays. We went to the mountains.			
For historical events	Louis XII was king of France.			
	Henry VIII had six wives.			
	Dinosaurs lived on earth.			

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Time phrases

When using the past tense, time phrases are often used to define when the action happened.

Examples

Specific		General	
yesterday last night last week last month last year on 21st January 2 in 1925	on Monday in June at 10 o'clock this morning 5 minutes ago	a few days/weeks ago earlier today the other evening before lunch many years ago a long time ago when I was young when I was living in Africa	

Examples



We once had a neighbour called Xavier. He washed his car every Sunday and fixed any problems. He had a son. He helped his father. On Friday afternoons, he did the shopping and he watched TV in the evenings.



What did you do at the weekend? I went to visit my parents.

Did you stay all weekend? No I didn't. We just had Sunday lunch but I didn't do much else. How about you?

I bought this really big melon. They were on offer in Tesco's.

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Did they have any peaches? I didn't see any.

Pronunciation of past tense regular verbs

In the past simple, all regular verbs end in -ed but the pronunciation is not the same for all of them. This depends on the SOUND of the last letter of the infinitive. There are three different ways to pronounce the end of the verbs.

' id' ending.	/ld/	' d' ending.	/d/	't' ending.	/t/
For verbs ending in -ed preceded by /t/ or /d/ This is the only ending that is pronounced as an		For verbs ending in -ed preceded by a voiced consonant [b, g, v, z, , l, m, n , etc.] or a vowel		For verbs ending in -ed preceded by a voiceless consonant [p, k, f, s, etc.]	
		Examples			
needed seated posted wanted created visited handed		lived enjoyed listened applied telephoned played pleased offered		stopped wished knocked washed watched helped cooked	

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